

# Homework assignment #10

Math 317

Due Friday, April 22

1. Solve the following problems from the textbook: P 230 ex. 2, 4, P 238 ex. 1, 3, 5, P 245 ex. 4, 5, 7
2. Let  $g$  be a real valued function of a real variable, Riemann integrable (if you want — continuous), with  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |g(t)| dt < \infty$ . Recall that the Fourier transform  $\hat{g}$  of  $g$  is defined as the function

$$\hat{g}(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-ist)g(t)dt \quad \text{for every } s \in \mathbb{R}. \quad (0.1)$$

Suppose now that  $g(t) = 0$  for all  $t$  outside of some finite interval  $[a, b] \subset \mathbb{R}$ . Such functions are called **compactly supported**. Prove that the function  $\hat{g}(s)$  (a complex valued function of a real variable) cannot be compactly supported.

*Directions:* if  $g(t)$  is compactly supported, (0.1) actually makes sense for general complex  $s$ , not just for those  $s \in \mathbb{R}$  where it was originally defined. To avoid confusion, we let  $h(s) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp(-ist)g(t)dt$  be the complex valued function of a complex variable defined in this way, so  $h(s) = \hat{g}(s)$  for  $s \in \mathbb{R}$ .

Similarly to the way we showed in class using Cauchy's integral formula for  $f'$ , (where  $f$  is an analytic function), that  $f'$  was itself analytic it is quite easy to show that  $h(s)$  is entire. (You may assume this is true without proving it)

Now use the theorems we have discussed in class regarding zeros of analytic functions to get a contradiction to  $\hat{g}(s)$  having compact support.