

THREE CORRECTIONS TO “ G_2 AND HYPERGEOMETRIC SHEAVES”

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- (1) In the statement of Theorem 9.1, the hypergeometric sheaf named in case 5), when $p = 2$, should be

$\mathcal{H}(\psi; \text{all characters of order dividing 9 except two}$
 $\text{inverse characters of order nine; } \emptyset)$,

not

$\mathcal{H}(\psi; \text{all characters of order dividing 9 except two}$
 $\text{inverse characters of order nine; } \chi_{quad})$.

- (2) Replace the proof of Lemma 10.1 by the following.

Proof. Since $[7]^*\mathcal{H}$ has $G_{geom} = L_2(13)$, and $[7]$ is a Galois covering of $\mathbb{G}_m \otimes \bar{k}$ by itself, the G_{geom} for \mathcal{H} (lies in G_2 and) contains $L_2(13)$ as a normal subgroup. But $L_2(13)$ is its own normalizer in G_2 ; indeed, its normalizer is a finite primitive irreducible subgroup of G_2 which contains $L_2(13)$, so has order divisible by 13, so by classification must be $L_2(13)$. Thus \mathcal{H} has $G_{geom} = L_2(13)$. So also the twist \mathcal{F} has $G_{geom} = L_2(13)$. Its G_{arith} , which lies in $SO(7)$ and normalizes G_{arith} , is then a finite primitive subgroup of G_2 which contains $L_2(13)$, so again by classification must itself be $L_2(13)$. \square

- (3) Replace the first two sentences in the proof of Lemma 10.2 by the following.

Proof. Since $[7]^*\mathcal{H}$ has $G_{geom} = U_3(3)$, and $[7]$ is a Galois covering of $\mathbb{G}_m \otimes \bar{k}$ by itself, the G_{geom} for \mathcal{H} (lies in G_2 and) contains $U_3(3)$ as a normal subgroup of index dividing 7. But the normalizer of $U_3(3)$ in G_2 is $U_3(3).2$; indeed, the normalizer is a finite primitive irreducible subgroup of G_2 which certainly contains $U_3(3).2$, so by classification must be $U_3(3).2$. Thus we have

$$U_3(3) \subset G_{geom} \subset U_3(3).2.$$

As the index of $U_3(3)$ in G_{geom} divides 7, it follows that $G_{geom} = U_3(3)$. So also the twist... \square

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